

County of Sacramento

Testing the Plea of the Non-Citizen for Immigration Consequences Form

Christopher J. Todd 775 E. Blithdale Ave., PMB 146 Mill Valley, CA 94941 Christopher Todd: 415-846-9311 * <u>cjtoddlaw@gmail.com</u>

Attorney's Name:	Date:
Client's Name:	Country of Citizenship
Immigration Status	_Date of Entry to US:

In order to evaluate the immigration consequences of a criminal conviction for a noncitizen it is necessary to be aware of:

- 1) all past criminal conviction;
- 2) the current charges; and
- 3) the defendant's immigration status

This form is designed to elicit that information.

1. Past criminal convictions:

Date of Sentence	Charges	Court Sentence (Docket #)	Attorney
2. Current Charge	es:		
Date of Arrest	Charges	Court Offered Plea (Docket #	Attorney

3. Immigration Status:

- A. Explain to client information is confidential, we are not the immigration service, and that accurate information is necessary in order to properly advise the client. Press for accurate information. Advise they need not tell authorities immigration status or nationality.¹
- B. Please provide any immigration status or nationality.²
- C. Are you naturalized United States citizen? Yes No If yes, when were you sworn in? _____³
- D. Were you or your spouse's⁴ parent or grandparent born in the United States or granted citizenship? Yes No^5
- E. Were you a permanent resident under the age of 18 when a parent naturalized to U.S. citizenship? Yes No

F. Is there an immigration hold?⁶ Yes No

G. Do you have an immigration lawyer? Yes No Name: ______ What type of visa? _____

H. When did you first **enter**⁷ the United States?

I. Have you left the United States for any periods of 6 months or longer since **entering**? Yes No If yes, when did you last **enter** the United States?

¹ This form to be completed for each client not born in the United States and attached to completed case interview. <u>Exception</u>: If client facing only non-effective misdemeanor, complete form only if client is amnesty applicant or seeking family unity status.

 $^{^2}$ Please provide any immigration documents you have.

 $^{^{3}}$ Naturalized citizens are immune from adverse immigration consequences so long as they are truthful in their naturalization application.

 $^{^4\,}$ Spouse means married. Common law does not count.

⁵ Check tables on derivative citizenship in your law library materials. If client was a lawful permanent resident under 16 years of age and both parents or the custodial parent naturalized, then client became a U.S. citizen.

⁶ Increased funding and vigilance means INS will find the client, either in jail, or through probation.

⁷ Enter is a term of art in immigration law, meaning lawful entry after inspection and authorization by an immigration agent.

J.	What is your immigration status? Do you	ı have papers?	Yes	No		
	ve Lawful permanent resident (green care	d)? ⁸ When did	you obtain i	t?		_
	ve Undocumented person ("Illegal")	Yes	No			
	ve Non immigrant visa holder? ⁹ What typ	pe?				
	Lee Temporary protected status ? ¹⁰	Yes	No			
	∿ Temporary resident (amnesty)? ¹¹	Yes	No			
	\Im Refugee or asylee (asylum)? ¹²	Yes	No			
	ເ⊛ Family unity? ¹³	Yes	No			
K.	Did anyone ever file a visa or citizenship ; If so, name and number: Type of visa petition:				- No	
	Type of visa petition.	was n g	ranteu:	res	10	
L.	Have you ever been deported/removed or If so, date:Reason:	-	-		Yes	No
М.	Do you have an immigration court date point of the second	-	Yes	No		
N.	Do you have a U.S. citizen Spouse? Parer	nt? Child?	Yes	No		
0.	Do you have a lawful permanent resident	Spouse? Paren	nt?	Yes	No	
Р.	Do you have fear about returning to your Were you a torture victim ¹⁵ ? Yes	country? No	Yes	No		
Q.	Have you been battered by spouse or pare Yes No	ent who is U.S.	citizen or p	ermanent lega	al resider	ıt?

R. Have you been the victim of crime in the United States, and did you cooperated with law enforcement? Yes No

⁸ Lawful permanent resident is a sought after status which is a condition precedent to naturalization.

⁹ Client would probably know if he/she possesses such a visa. Examples include tourists, students, and temporary workers.

¹⁰ Special INS status for citizens from countries experiencing catastrophic events, as designated by Attorney General. El Salvador, Somalia, Lebanon, Liberia, Bosnia, and China have been included.

¹¹ Two programs from early 1980's. A person who applied for amnesty who has not yet become a temporary resident, will have an INS card with "Work Authorization" and "I-688A" on it. These programs are now closed.

 $^{^{12}}$ Asylum seekers must apply within one year of arrival in the U.S. A person deportable for drug offense can still apply for asylum. However, asylum seekers who are aggravated felons are deportable, but can apply for cancellation of removal.

¹³ Family Unity status is important to undocumented noncitizens seeking to immigrate through a family member.

¹⁴ Removal (was called "deportation") is the expulsion of the noncitizen from the U.S. usually done by an immigration judge, can also be done by a federal judge or the INS. Removed noncitizens face federal prosecution for illegal reentry. **Voluntary departure** is a form of discretion relief which allows a person to depart the U.S. at their own expense.

¹⁵ Special rules apply here, stemming in part from United Nations Convention Against Torture.